

HEREFORD & WORCESTER Fire Authority

Policy and Resources Committee

AGENDA

Wednesday, 01 March 2023

10:30

Wyre Forest House Council Chamber Wyre Forest District Council, Wyre Forest House, Finepoint Way, Kidderminster, Worcestershire, DY11 7WF

Wyre Forest House Location Map

SAT NAV: DY11 7FB

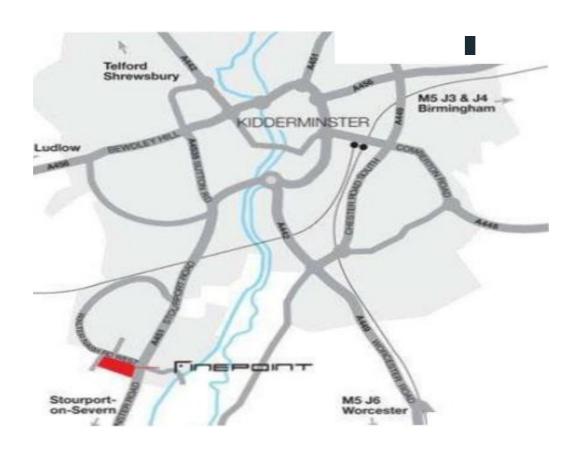
Wyre Forest House, Finepoint Way, Kidderminster, DY11 7WF Reception at Wyre Forest House 01562 732101

From Stourport:

Head towards Kidderminster on the A451 Minster Road, passing Stourport High School and Stourport Sports Club on your left. When you reach the traffic lights at the crossroads, turn left into Walter Nash Road West (signposted Wyre Forest House). Then take your first left onto Finepoint Way. Follow the road around to your left and Wyre Forest House is at the end of the road on the left. Visitor parking is available and signposted from the mini roundabout.

From Kidderminster:

From Kidderminster, follow the signs for Stourport and head out of Kidderminster on the A451 Stourport Road, this road becomes a dual carriageway. You will pass 24/7 Fitness and Wyre Forest Community Housing on your left. At the crossroads with traffic lights turn right into Walter Nash Road West (there is a dedicated right hand-turn lane), signposted for Wyre Forest House. Then take your first left onto Finepoint Way. Follow the road around to your left and Wyre Forest House is at the end of the road on the left. Visitor parking is available and signposted from the mini roundabout.



ACCESS TO INFORMATION – YOUR RIGHTS. The press and public have the right to attend Local Authority meetings and to see certain documents. You have:

- the right to attend all Authority and Committee meetings unless the business to be transacted would disclose "confidential information" or "exempt information";
- the right to film, record or report electronically on any meeting to which the public are admitted provided you do not do so in a manner that is disruptive to the meeting. If you are present at a meeting of the Authority you will be deemed to have consented to being filmed or recorded by anyone exercising their rights under this paragraph;
- the right to inspect agenda and public reports at least five days before the date of the meeting (available on our website: http://www.hwfire.org.uk);
- the right to inspect minutes of the Authority and Committees for up to six years following the meeting (available on our website: http://www.hwfire.org.uk); and
- the right to inspect background papers on which reports are based for a period of up to four years from the date of the meeting.

Please note that when taking part in public participation, your name and a summary of what you say at the meeting may be included in the minutes.

A reasonable number of copies of agenda and reports relating to items to be considered in public will be available at meetings of the Authority and Committees. If you have any queries regarding this agenda or any of the decisions taken or wish to exercise any of these rights of access to information please contact Committee & Members' Services on 01905 368209 or by email at committeeservices@hwfire.org.uk.

WELCOME AND GUIDE TO TODAY'S MEETING. These notes are written to assist you to follow the meeting. Decisions at the meeting will be taken by the **Councillors** who are democratically elected representatives and they will be advised by **Officers** who are paid professionals. The Fire and Rescue Authority comprises 25 Councillors and appoints committees to undertake various functions on behalf of the Authority. There are 19 Worcestershire County Councillors on the Authority and 6 Herefordshire Council Councillors.

Agenda Papers - Attached is the Agenda which is a summary of the issues to be discussed and the related reports by Officers.

Chairman - The Chairman, who is responsible for the proper conduct of the meeting, sits at the head of the table.

Officers - Accompanying the Chairman is the Chief Fire Officer and other Officers of the Fire and Rescue Authority who will advise on legal and procedural matters and record the proceedings. These include the Clerk and the Treasurer to the Authority.

The Business - The Chairman will conduct the business of the meeting. The items listed on the agenda will be discussed.

Decisions - At the end of the discussion on each item the Chairman will put any amendments or motions to the meeting and then ask the Councillors to vote. The Officers do not have a vote.



Hereford & Worcester Fire Authority

Policy and Resources Committee

Wednesday, 01 March 2023,10:30

Agenda

Councillors

Mr R J Phillips (Chairman), Mr C B Taylor (Vice Chairman), Mr D Chambers, Mr A Ditta, Mr J Hardwick, Mrs K Hey, Ms J Monk, Mr D Morehead, Ms L Robinson, Mr L Stark, Mr R M Udall, Mr T Wells

No. Item Pages

1 Apologies for Absence

To receive any apologies for absence.

2 Named Substitutes

To receive details of any Member of the Authority nominated to attend the meeting in place of a Member of the Committee.

3 Declarations of Interest (if any)

This item allows the Chairman to invite any Councillor to declare an interest in any of the items on this Agenda.

4 Confirmation of Minutes

To confirm the minutes of the meeting held on 15 November 2022.

5 Budget Monitoring 2022/23 – Quarter 3

To inform Members of the current position on the revenue and capital budget for 2022/23.

6 Fire Pensions Administration and Payroll Arrangements

To seek an exception to Contract Standing Orders in respect of the Fire Pensions administration and payroll contract. 11 - 13

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7 Property Update To provide an update for Members on the current property programme. 8 2022-23 Performance Report: Q3 (01 October – 31 December 2022) This report summarises the Service's performance for Quarter 3, 2022-23.



Chairman: Mr R J Phillips Vice-Chairman: Mr C B Taylor

Minutes

Members Present: Mr D Chambers, Mr A Ditta, Mr J Hardwick, Mr D Morehead, Mr R J Phillips, Mr L Stark, Mr C B Taylor, Mr T Wells

0214 Apologies for Absence

Apologies were received from Cllr K Hey, Cllr J Monk, Cllr L Robinson and Cllr R Udall.

0215 Named Substitutes

Cllr E Marshall substituted for Cllr J Monk.

0216 Declarations of Interest (if any)

Cllr R Phillips declared that he was Vice Chair of the Firefighters Scheme Advisory Board (England and Wales), Chair of the Local Government Pension Scheme Advisory Board (England and Wales) and a member of the NJC for Fire Service (Grey Book and Green Book).

0217 Confirmation of Minutes

RESOLVED that the minutes of the meeting held on 4 May 2022 be confirmed as a correct record and signed by the Chairman.

0218 Attendance Performance Measure – Public Consultation Report

The Assistant Director of Prevention presented a report following the public consultation on proposed changes to the Attendance Performance Measure, including a detailed report from the external consultants, Opinion Research Services (ORS), who had undertaken the consultation on our behalf. ORS also gave a presentation on the methodology,

responses received and conclusions to be drawn from the consultation.

[Cllr Hardwick entered meeting at 10.41am].

[David Chambers entered the meeting at 10.51am].

Although there had been a relatively low response to the public questionnaire, this was not uncommon and there had been a good representative split between Worcestershire and Herefordshire. 75% of respondents had 'agreed' or 'strongly agreed' with the proposals and this support was also reflected by the two focus groups, where the proposals had been discussed in more detail.

Whilst the FBU were not in favour of the first two proposals, Members were nonetheless satisfied the changes would actually show areas of real performance and be more transparent than the current arrangements.

It did not invalidate the results but Members were nonetheless disappointed with the response rate to the consultation and it was recognised that any future consultation exercises should endeavour to improve upon this.

Members agreed to recommend the Fire Authority approve the revised Attendance Performance Measure at their meeting on 12 December 2022.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED that:

- 1. efforts be made to improve upon the response rate to any future consultation exercises; and
- 2. the Fire Authority be recommended to:
- (i) approve the proposed changes to the Attendance Performance Measure; and
- (ii) adopt a revised Attendance Performance Measure which:
- removes call handling time from the calculation;
- measures performance across three zones (10, 15 and 20 minutes from each fire station); and
- measures performance across a broader range of emergency incidents rather than just fires in buildings.

0219 Budget Monitoring 2022/23 – Quarter 2

The Treasurer informed Members of the current position on the revenue

and capital budget for 2022/23.

With regard to the pay award budgets, the Treasurer confirmed that since writing the report the FBU had rejected the offer of 5% in a recent ballot. The figure that had been factored into the budget was based on the employers offer of 5%.

There were further savings in the capital financing programme due to delays to the start of the scheme,

Members were informed of the projected small revenue budget overspend of £0.131m which would be funded from the budget reduction reserve if necessary.

With regard to Treasury Management, Members noted that the Authority was significantly "under-borrowed" to the extent of around £10m. This shortfall is funded by disinvesting the large cash balances held in relation to the ear-marked revenue reserves. As the invest to improve programme progresses this cash will be used up and additional long term borrowing will be required.

RESOLVED that the Committee:

- i) Approves the allocation of pay award budgets in Appendix 1 Column 3;
- ii) Approves the revised Capital Budget allocations in Appendix 2;
- iii) Notes the forecast Revenue Budget over spend of £0.131m; and
- iv) Notes the potential for this to change dependent on the final pay settlement.

0220 2022-23 Performance Report: Q2 (01 July – 30 September 2022)

The Assistant Director of Prevention presented Members with a summary of the Service's performance for Quarter 2, 2022-23.

Members noted that there was a total of 2,475 incidents in Q2 2022-23, which was an increase of 24% on Q2 2021-22. This was mainly due to a significant increase in the number of outdoor fires during the summer. There was also a small increase of special service incidents and a small increase in false alarms.

RESOLVED that Fire Authority note the Q2 2022-23 performance headlines set out in Section 4 of this report, with further details available in Appendix 1.

Update from the Joint Consultative Committee

The Assistant Chief Fire Officer – Director of Prevention and Assets, presented Members with the activities of the Joint Consultative Committee (JCC) since the last update provided on 4 May 2022.

Members noted the new and existing items currently under discussion, in particular regarding the ballot of FBU members for industrial action.

RESOLVED that the following new and existing items currently under discussion by the Joint Consultative Committee be noted:

- i) Urban Search and Rescue (USAR) Contracts/Policy
- ii) On Call Bandings
- iii) Fitness, Attendance Management and Equality Diversity and Inclusion (EDI) Policies
- iv) Promotion Processes
- v) Industrial Action
- vi) Review of Three Core Strategies
- vii) Current Financial Position
- viii) Project Updates National Operational Guidance (NOG), On-Call, Unwanted Fire Signals and Fire Investigation

The Meeting ended at: 11:52	
Signed:	Date:
Chairman	

Hereford & Worcester Fire Authority Policy and Resources Committee 1 March 2023

Report of the Treasurer

Budget Monitoring 2022/23 – Quarter 3

Purpose of report

1. To inform Members of the current position on the revenue and capital budget for 2022/23.

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Committee approves a transfer from the Budget Reduction Reserve to fund the forecast Revenue Budget over-spend of £0.513m.

Introduction and Background

- 2. This report follows the established format and, for the Revenue budget, is an out-turn projection nominally based on third quarter information, but incorporating latest information up to mid February.
- 3. For the Capital report, because capital projects tend to last beyond a single financial year, the report shows progress against the approved scheme totals.
- 4. Details are also included about the Authority's Treasury Management position for the period and the latest available month end position on investments.

Revenue Budget

- 5. In February 2022 the Fire Authority set a Core Budget of £36.853m (Appendix 1: Column 2, Row 32), which was funded by Precept, Grants and Retained Business Rates of £37.012m (Appendix 1: Column 2, Row 49). After some technical adjustments to balances this allowed a small transfer of £0.208m to the Buildings Cost Reserve as approved by the Fire Authority. (Appendix 1: Column 2, Row 53).
- 6. Column 3 of Appendix 1 shows the current out-turn projection against these revised budgets, and columns 4 and 5 identify the variation. For ease of explanation this has been split between those cumulatively identified at Quarter 2 and the additional variations now identified.
- 7. There is only one significant addition, in relation to the Grey Book (uniformed) pay award offer which no reflects the latest 7% offer to employees
- 8. The net impact is to give a net overspend of £0.513m as shown below;

	Budget	Forecast	Variation
	£m	£m	£m
Employee Related	25.270	26.226	0.956
Running Costs	8.756	8.948	0.192
Capital Financing	2.827	2.377	(0.450)
	36.853	37.551	0.698
Funding	(37.012)	(37.197)	(0.185)
Net Reserves	0.159	0.159	0.000
	0.000	0.513	0.513

9. It is proposed that this met by a draw on the Budget Reduction Reserve, which is partially offset by a budget surplus in 2023/24 as set out in the Budget and MTFP approved by the Authority on 13th February.

Capital Budget

10. The current capital budget is detailed in Appendix 2 and summarised below;

	Vehicle	Major	Other	Alloc	Unalloc	Future	
	Prog	Build	Major	Minor	Minor	Builds	TOTAL
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Approved at Qtr.2	3.826	8.107	0.590	2.552	0.166	12.757	27.998
Major Schemes Allocation		0.076				(0.076)	0.000
Minor Schemes Allocation				0.180	(0.180)		0.000
Approved at Qtr. 3	3.826	8.183	0.590	2.732	(0.014)	12.681	27.998
Less Expd. to 2021/22	1.345	7.473	0.431	0.664		0.000	9.913
Unspent Budget C/fwd.	2.481	0.710	0.159	2.068	(0.014)	12.681	18.085

- 11. The approved capital budget is divided into four blocks:
 - Major Buildings in accordance with the approved Property Strategy
 - Vehicles in accordance with the approved Vehicle Strategy
 - Other Major Schemes Fire Control and Mobile Data Terminals
 - Minor Schemes allocated by Strategic Leadership Board (SLB)
- 12. The Future Buildings Scheme figure (Appendix 2: Row 73) is provision for Hereford, Redditch and Broadway fire station replacements and the North Herefordshire Strategic Training Facility. These schemes are not disclosed separately to protect the Authority's procurement interest until contracts are fully awarded.
- 13. The budget will be subject to adjustment to reflect the recently agreed revised arrangements for the funding of the Redditch scheme.
- 14. Allowing for the Schemes awaiting allocation or approval, the Budget available to be spent at the start of 2022/23 is £5.346m and is summarised overleaf:

		£m
Total Approved Budget	Column 5 Line 75	27.999
Less: Future Buildings	Column 5 Line 74	(12.682)
Less: Unallocated Minor	Column 5 Lines 71	(0.058)
Approved to Spend		15.259
Incurred to 2020/21	Column 6 Line 75	(9.913)
Balance		5.346

- 15. Against this budget £0.1.675m or 31% (Column 8, Row 75) has been incurred, with a further £ 1.087m (20%) committed by way of Orders placed.
- 16. The revenue costs of the financing of the capital programme are contained within the revenue budget.

Treasury Management

- 17. Since October 2008 the Authority has adopted a policy of avoiding long term borrowing where working cash balances permit, and will only incur long term borrowing to finance long term assets.
- 18. However, it should be noted that the Authority is significantly "under-borrowed" to the extent of around £10m. This shortfall is funded by disinvesting the large cash balances held in relation to the ear-marked revenue reserves. As the invest to improve programme progresses this cash will be used up and additional long term borrowing will be required.
- 19. As a result of recent increases in interest rates, the long term borrowing rate now exceeds the average rate of the current debt. It might be considered worth taking new borrowing now, before rates climb higher, but given the level of revenue balances in the short term this is not deemed prudent.
- 20. Rates are always under review to ensure borrowing is taken at an appropriate point. Members can be assured that the MTFP takes account of the impact of this need in respect of Capital financing charge, and the recently approved MTFP has been updated for the new interest rates.
- 21. At 31 March 2022 long term borrowing stood at £10.411m, with £1.365m repaid this year as scheduled, leaving an expected £9.046m at 31 March 2023.
- 22. All existing borrowing is via the Public Works Loans Board (PWLB), and it is probable that any future borrowing will be from the same source, as PWLB remains the only practical alternative for the Fire Authority.
- 23. In accordance with the Authority's Treasury Management Strategy (approved in February each year by the Fire Authority) surplus funds are invested by Worcestershire County Council (WCC) alongside their own funds. Investment is carried out in accordance with WCC's own Treasury Management Strategy, which is developed from the Prudential Code for Capital Finance and is used to manage risks from financial instruments.

- 24. The Treasurer continues to advise that investment should be focused on security and, as a consequence, surplus funds continue to generate low returns, which are factored into the revenue budget.
- 25. Short term investments via WCC at 30-Dec-2022 are shown in the table below. For completeness the current account balance is now also shown.

Money Market Funds	3.587
Cash Plus (liquidity fund)	3.409
Call	1.704
via WCC	8.700
via WCC Current Account	8.700 3.803

Corporate Considerations

Resource Implications (identify any financial, legal, property or human resources issues)	Yes – whole Report
Strategic Policy Links & Core Code of Ethics (Identify how proposals link with current priorities & policy framework and align to the Core Code of Ethics)	Budget and Financial Plan underpins all other strategies
Risk Management / Health & Safety (identify any risks, the proposed control measures and risk evaluation scores).	n/a
Consultation (identify any public or other consultation that has been carried out on this matter)	n/a
Equalities (has an Equalities Impact Assessment been completed? If not, why not?)	n/a
Data Protection Impact Assessment (where personal data is processed a DPIA must be completed to ensure compliant handling)	n/a

Supporting Information

Appendix 1: Revenue Budget Monitoring 2022/23 Quarter 3

Appendix 2: Capital Budget Monitoring 2022/23 Quarter 3

Hereford & Worcester Fire Authority Policy & Resources Committee: 1st March 2023 Revenue Budget 2022/23: Quarter 3

Col.		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Line		Quarter 3	Quarter 3	Quarter 2	Quarter 3
		Revised	Forecast	Forecast	Additional
		Budget	Expenditure	Variation	Variation
		£	£	£	£
1	Wholetime Firefighter Pay	14,321,400	14,855,900	247,900	286,600
2	Retained Fire-fighter Pay	4,241,100	4,399,500	79,000	79,400
3	Control Pay	935,800	970,700	19,200	15,700
4	Support Pay	4,647,100	4,875,000	227,900	0
5	Other Employee Costs	90,000	90,000	0	0
6	Pension Costs Charged to Revenue Account	1,035,000	1,035,000	0	0
7	Employee Related	25,270,400	26,226,100	574,000	381,700
8	Strategic Management	107,600	107,600	0	0
9	New Dimensions	55,300	55,300	0	0
10	Operational Policy	41,100	41,100	0	0
	Protection (Technical Fire Safety)	47,000	209,000	162,000	0
	Prevention (Community Safety)	289,700	289,700	0	0
	Training	679,800	679,800	0	0
14	Operational Logistics	1,149,300	1,149,300	0	0
15	Fleet Maintenance	575,600	575,600	0	0
16	Property/Facilities Management	1,939,100	1,939,100	0	0
17	PCC Charges	461,500	461,500	0	0
	PCC Charges - Capitalised	(99,700)	(99,700)	0	0
19	Information & Comms Technology	2,091,900	2,091,900	0	0
20	Policy & Information	81,600	81,600	0	0
21	Corporate Communications	48,200	48,200	0	0
22	Human Resources/Personnel	513,400	513,400	0	0
23	Authority Costs	58,500	58,500	0	0
24	Committee Services	700	700	0	0
25	Legal Services	39,000	39,000	0	0
26	Insurances	447,100	447,100	0	0
27	Finance (FRS)	140,700	170,700	30,000	0
28	Finance SLA	88,200	88,200	0	0
29	Running Costs	8,755,600	8,947,600	192,000	0
30	Capital Financing	2,827,000	2,377,000	(450,000)	0
30 31	Capital Financing Capital Financing	2,827,000 2,827,000	2,377,000 2,377,000	(450,000) (450,000)	0
31					
31	Capital Financing	2,827,000	2,377,000	(450,000)	0
31	Capital Financing	2,827,000	2,377,000	(450,000)	0
31 32 33 34	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant	2,827,000 36,853,000	2,377,000 37,550,700	(450,000) 316,000 0	0 381,700 0 0
31 32 33 34	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100)	(450,000) 316,000	0 381,700 0
31 32 33 34 35 36	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0	0 381,700 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 0 (162,000)	0 381,700 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176)	0 381,700 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG)	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant 531: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions 531: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink 531: Pension Grant 531 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1)	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR)	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (255,681,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31: Pension Grant S31: under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs Business Rate Collection Fund	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (25,568,100) (2315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 648,600	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 630,100	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 0 (18,500)	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31: Pension Grant S31: under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs Business Rate Collection Fund	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (25,568,100) (2315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 648,600	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 630,100	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 0 (18,500)	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs Business Rate Collection Fund Total Funding Structural Gap(Surplus)	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 648,600 (37,012,400)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (654,500) 630,100 (37,197,076)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 (18,500) (184,676)	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs Business Rate Collection Fund Total Funding Structural Gap(Surplus)	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (255,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 648,600 (37,012,400) (159,400)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (255,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (534,500) (37,197,076) 353,624 (14,000)	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 (18,500) (184,676)	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs Business Rate Collection Fund Total Funding Structural Gap(Surplus) from TIG Reserve (CT) form TIG Reserve (RBR)	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) 648,600 (37,012,400) (159,400) (14,000) (35,000)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 630,100 (37,197,076) 353,624	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 (18,500) (184,676)	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs Business Rate Collection Fund Total Funding Structural Gap(Surplus) from TIG Reserve (CT) form TIG Reserve (RBR) to Buildings Project Reserve	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) (37,012,400) (159,400) (14,000) (35,000) 208,400	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) (337,197,076) 353,624 (14,000) (35,000) 208,400	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 (18,500) (184,676) 131,324	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs Business Rate Collection Fund Total Funding Structural Gap(Surplus) from TIG Reserve (CT) form TIG Reserve (RBR)	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) 648,600 (37,012,400) (159,400) (14,000) (35,000)	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 630,100 (37,197,076) 353,624	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 (18,500) (184,676)	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs Business Rate Collection Fund Total Funding Structural Gap(Surplus) from TIG Reserve (CT) form TIG Reserve (RBR) to Buildings Project Reserve	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (182,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) (37,012,400) (159,400) (14,000) (35,000) 208,400	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) (337,197,076) 353,624 (14,000) (35,000) 208,400	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 (18,500) (184,676) 131,324	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs Business Rate Collection Fund Total Funding Structural Gap(Surplus) from TIG Reserve (CT) form TIG Reserve (RBR) to Buildings Project Reserve Use of Reserves	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 648,600 (37,012,400) (159,400) (14,000) (35,000) 208,400 159,400	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (253,500) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 630,100 (37,197,076) 353,624 (14,000) (35,000) 208,400 159,400	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 (184,500) (184,676) 131,324	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs Business Rate Collection Fund Total Funding Structural Gap(Surplus) from TIG Reserve (CT) form TIG Reserve (RBR) to Buildings Project Reserve Use of Reserves	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 648,600 (37,012,400) (159,400) (14,000) (35,000) 208,400 159,400	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (253,500) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 630,100 (37,197,076) 353,624 (14,000) (35,000) 208,400 159,400	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 0 (184,676) 131,324 0 0 0 131,324 Quarter 1	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	Capital Financing Core Budget (RSG) Revenue Support Grant (BRTUG) Business Rate Top Up Grant 2022/23 Services Grant (RSDG) Rural Services Delivery Grant Fire Prevention Grant S31: Fire Revenue Grant - New Dimensions S31: Fire Revenue Grant - Firelink S31: Pension Grant S31 - under indexation of multiplier (BRTUG) Council Tax Precept Council Tax Collection Fund Business Rates baseline Local Forecasts (to NNDR1) S31 - under indexation of multiplier (RBR) S31 - Business Rate Reliefs Business Rate Collection Fund Total Funding Structural Gap(Surplus) from TIG Reserve (CT) form TIG Reserve (RBR) to Buildings Project Reserve Use of Reserves	2,827,000 36,853,000 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) 0 (820,000) (1,568,000) (344,700) (25,568,100) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 648,600 (37,012,400) (159,400) (14,000) (35,000) 208,400 159,400	2,377,000 37,550,700 (2,144,100) (3,372,300) (392,100) (114,500) (162,000) (824,176) (182,000) (1,568,000) (253,500) (253,500) (2,315,400) 185,800 (217,600) (554,500) 630,100 (37,197,076) 353,624 (14,000) (35,000) 208,400 159,400	(450,000) 316,000 0 0 0 (162,000) (4,176) 0 0 0 0 0 (184,500) (184,676) 131,324	0 381,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Quarter 3

381,700 **513,024**

Hereford & Worcester Fire Authority Policy & Resources Committee: 1st March 2023 Capital Budget 2022/23: Quarter 3

		Capital B	uaget 20.	22/23: Qu	iarter 3			
Col		(2)	(3)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Line		REVISED	(-)	REVISED	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
		BUDGET		BUDGET				
		2022/23	Re-	2022/23	Expenditure	Balance at	Expenditure	Remaining
		Quarter 2	Allocation	Quarter 3	to 21/22	01-Apr-22	in 22/23	Unspent
		£	£	£	£	£	£	£
	Vehicle Programme	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	-	1,332,563		1,332,563	1,109,079	223,484		223,484
	Water Carrier 20-21	412,000		412,000	1,100,010	412,000		412,000
3		202,579		202,579	100,239	102,340	103,067	(727)
4	Compact Appliance	202,579		202,579	100,239	102,340	103,067	(727)
5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0		0	,	0	,	0
6	Rope Rescue Vehicle(1) 20-21	0		0		0		0
7		27,800		27,800		27,800		27,800
8	Ancillary: 4x4	210,000		210,000		210,000		210,000
9	Special: Argocat	35,000		35,000		35,000		35,000
10	Van-Spec 20-21	0		0		0		0
11	Car 21-22	29,000		29,000		29,000		29,000
12	Van-Small 21-22	29,000		29,000		29,000		29,000
13	Response:	1,165,000		1,165,000		1,165,000	800,487	364,513
14	3	80,000		80,000	35,594	44,406	44,544	(138)
15	On-Call Recruitment Vans (EMR Funded)	75,000		75,000		75,000	68,492	6,508
16	` ,	26,000		26,000		26,000		26,000
17	Total	3,826,521	0	3,826,521	1,345,151	2,481,370	1,119,657	1,361,713
	Major Buildings							
18	Redditch FS Prelims	506,183		506,183	255,173	251,010	46,897	204,113
19	Wyre Forest Hub	7,273,000		7,273,000	7,128,340	144,660	5,950	138,710
20	Hereford Prelims Holmer Road	250,000		250,000	26,555	223,445	184,761	38,684
21	Broadway FS Prelims	58,947	27,962	86,909	57,447	29,462	29,462	0
22	•	19,000	47,663	66,663	5,750	60,913	60,913	0
23	Total	8,107,130	75,625	8,182,755	7,473,265	709,490	327,983	381,507
			•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Other Major Schemes							
24	Mobile Data Terminal Replacement	340,000		340,000	330,978	9,022		9,022
25	Fire Control	249,911		249,911	99,627	150,284		150,284
26	Total	589,911	0	589,911	430,605	159,306	0	159,306
	Minor Schemes							
27	224 - Audit Software	35,035	(12,710)	22,325	22,325	0		0
	237 - Intel Software	20,000	(, -,	20,000	,-	20,000		20,000
	247 - ICT Strategy Cloud Services	96,082		96,082	55,082	41,000		41,000
	248 - ICT Strategy SharePoint	200,000		200,000	80,550	119,450	57,000	62,450
	249 - ICT Strategy Professional Services	150,000		150,000	134,716	15,284	5,000	10,284
	250 - ICT Strategy Equipment	250,000		250,000	168,777	81,223	23,232	57,991
	254 - Leintwardine Rear Extension	179,000		179,000	20,033	158,967	16,730	142,237
	274 - Leominster Fire Station Tower	10,000		10,000	,	10,000	,	10,000
	277 - Peterchurch STF Pallet Storage	8,000		8,000	6,306	1,694		1,694
	302 - Ross Drainage	85,000		85,000	0,000	85,000		85,000
	303 - Leominster Welfare Refurb	23,000		23,000		23,000		23,000
		40,000		40,000	4,830	35,170		35,170
		15,000		15,000	1,000	15,000		15,000
	309 - Disaster Recovery	37,000		37,000	9,796	27,204	24,232	2,972
	310 - ICCS Firewall	23.993		23,993	20,254	3,739	2.,202	3,739
	313 - Power Tools	45,000		45,000	20,20	45,000	38,396	6,604
	318 - Wi-Fi Improvements	19,985	12,710	32,695	16,671	16,024	15,419	605
	322 - Defford Welfare	70,000	,	70,000	54,906	15,094	,	15,094
	324 - Bromyard Appliance Bay Floor	5,000		5,000	0.,000	5,000		5,000
	326 - Bromyard Heating	3,000		3,000		3,000		3,000
	327 - Ross On Wye Roof	46,543		46,543	425	46,118	595	45,523
	329 - Electrical Charging Points	50,000		50,000	720	50,000	26,144	23,856
	0 0	35,000		35,000		35,000	20,174	35,000
	358 - Service Wide: Appliance Bay Pits	30,000		30,000		30,000		30,000
	361 - Tenbury: Appliance Bay Doors	5,000		5,000		5,000		5,000
	362 - Wyre Forest: STF	8,000		8,000		8,000		8,000
	363 - Hose Branch Renewal	50,000		50,000		50,000		50,000
	364 - Water First Responder Update	150,000		150,000		150,000		150,000
	365 - WAN Hardware	139,000		139,000	69,686	69,314	2,701	66,613
	372 - ICT Switches	0	108,000	108,000		108,000	•	108,000
56	373 - Eardisley Heat	6,000		6,000		6,000		6,000
57	374 - Kingsland Roof	20,000		20,000		20,000		20,000
	375 - Pershore Office	5,500		5,500		5,500		5,500
59	376 - Leominster WFR	15,000		15,000		15,000	520	14,480
	377 - Bromyard Exten	150,000		150,000		150,000		150,000
	378 - Life Jackets	66,000		66,000		66,000		66,000
		20,000		20,000		20,000		20,000
	380 - Ross Drill Tow	115,000		115,000		115,000		115,000
	381 - Fitness Equip	70,000		70,000		70,000		70,000
	382 - Veh Mount CCTv	135,000		135,000		135,000		135,000
	383 - HVP PPPE	35,000		35,000		35,000		35,000
	384 - Surcoat Replace	42,000		42,000		42,000		42,000
	385 - Ladders	44,000		44,000		44,000	17,590	26,410
69	Sub-Total	2,552,138	108,000	2,660,138	664,357	1,995,781	227,559	1,768,222
		0		0		0		0
	Minor Schemes - Unallocated	166,211	(108,000)	58,211		58,211		58,211
72	Total	2,718,349	0	2,718,349	664,357	2,053,992	227,559	1,826,433
				_				_
	Future Building Schemes							
	Budgetary Provision	12,757,334	(75,625)	12,681,709		12,681,709		12,681,709
74	Total	12,757,334	(75,625)	12,681,709	0	12,681,709	0	12,681,709
								40.000
75	Capital Budget	27,999,245	0	27,999,245	9,913,378	18,085,867	1,675,199	16,410,668

 Less Unallocated Future Builds
 - 12,681,709

 Less Unallocated Minor Schemes
 - 58,211

 Available to Spend
 5,345,947

31%

Report of the Treasurer

Fire Pensions Administration and Payroll Arrangements

Purpose of Report

1. To seek an exception to Contract Standing Orders in respect of the Fire Pensions administration and payroll contract.

Recommendation

The Treasurer recommends that the Committee approves an exception to Contract Standing Orders under paragraph 3.1 (g)

- 2. Administration of the Firefighters' Pension Schemes and Pension Payroll is a technically complex matter that has always been carried out by a third party (previously Worcestershire CC); although the legal responsibilities for managing the schemes remains with the Fire Authority.
- 3. Following a tender process, in 2018 the Authority awarded a contract for these services to West Yorkshire Pension Fund (WYPF).
- 4. The contract was for three years with an option to extend for a further two years, which was taken up and the current contract expires on 31st September 2023.
- 5. The contract has run very successfully and WYPF have been able to provide a knowledgeable and resilient service and the Authority has played a prominent role in development of an "intelligent client" function.
- 6. Since award of the contract the landscape of fire pensions has changed:
 - a. At the time of award H&W was the fifth Fire Authority to transfer administration to WYPF, but it now provides services to at least 21 authorities, and is a major influence on national arrangements.
 - b. There are the complications of the McCloud/Sargeant remedy and Immediate Detriment and the imminent issue of Matthews/O'Brien to be dealt with.
 - c. Within the region, Staffordshire moved to WYPF just after H&W and recently Shropshire and Warwickshire Fire Services ran a joint open tender process and as result also awarded to WYPF. This tender attracted only two bids.

- d. As a consequence, there is now a regional pensions collaboration group, within which H&W takes a leading role and has allowed Shropshire and H&W to provide informal mutual support to each other.
- 7. We would normally retender this pension administration and payroll contract, but present time is not opportune for changing supplier, that is assuming there are potential suppliers able to take on a new customer in the middle of Remedy, and it will divert in service resources from dealing with the complexities of Remedy and Matthews/O'Brien.
- 8. The estimated annual value of the contract going forward is £30,000. Which base on normal aggregation principles gives a contract value of £120,000.
- 9. Under paragraph 2.5 of Contract Standing Orders would normally require:
 - Either: (a) Minimum of 3 formal open tenders, or (b) Minimum 3 formal select tenders where the CFO is satisfied, having regard to the nature of the contract, that restricting the number of tenderers will not disadvantage the Authority
- 10. However, paragraph 3.1 (g) permits a waiver of this regulation:

Where the Fire Authority considers that there are special circumstances justifying the waiving of Standing Orders and authorises such waiver by resolution.

Conclusion

11. For the reasons outlined above it is recommended that the Authority agrees an exception to Contract Standing Orders, to allow the Treasurer. In conjunction with the Head of Legal Services, to extend the contract based on current arrangements for a further appropriate period.

Corporate Considerations

Resource Implications (identify any financial, legal, property or human resources issues)	Will not exceed current budgetary provision
Core Code of Ethics and Strategic Policy Links (identify how proposals link in with current priorities and policy framework and if they do not, identify any potential implications).	No
Risk Management / Health & Safety (identify any risks, the proposed control measures and risk evaluation scores).	None
Consultation (identify any public or other consultation that has been carried out on this matter)	None

Equalities (has an Equalities Impact Assessment been completed? If not, why not?)	N/a
Data Protection Impact Assessment (where personal data is processed a DPIA must be completed to ensure compliant handling)	Not required – no personal data is identified.

Report of Assistant Chief Fire Officer/Director of Prevention and Assets

Property Update

Purpose of report

1. To provide an update for Members on the current property programme.

Recommendation

It is recommended that the property update and progress is noted.

Background

2. Due to the number of property projects that are now moving forward and the significant expenditure that will be incurred, the Committee will continue to be provided with regular updates on progress.

Budgets

3. Recent reports to the Committee have referenced the UK construction tender price index, and the associated inflationary pressures being seen across the building sector. Taking this into account the Treasurer is building in contingency funds in anticipation of our current capital build programme. Members will be updated as the projects develop, with particular regard to the largest projects, notably Redditch and Hereford fire station builds.

Property Update

- 4. **Broadway Fire Station**: Following the previous update, construction work has now commenced on-site, with an estimated programme of 52 weeks. As part of health & safety obligations and as a courtesy, the main contractor has issued introductory letters to neighbouring properties before commencing the works. To date, no feedback from local residents has been received. Works are progressing well, with foundations now complete, and the steel frame is planned to be erected w/c 30 January.
- 5. **Redditch Fire Station**: A separate paper concerning Redditch Fire Station was noted at the Fire Authority meeting on the 13 February. The paper advised Members of an urgent decision that had been taken since the last meeting of the Policy and Resources Committee in relation to the redevelopment of Redditch Fire Station.

- 6. A contractor has been selected, and enabling works commenced on-site in late January 2023, with an estimated main contractor programme of 86 weeks, from the 6 March 2023.
- 7. **Hereford Fire Station**: It was reported to the Fire Authority in October 2022 that final surveys and assessments had been completed during August, and a formal planning application was submitted in September. Staff at the site have already been extensively consulted and as the planning application progresses staff will continue to be engaged, as well as ensuring that all other appropriate local stakeholders are briefed on the proposals.
- 8. The ACFO attended Hereford City Council (24/01/23) to present proposals for the new fire station, and the CFO attended to take questions concerning the project. As expected with any largescale redevelopment we are working closely with the deign team, and local authority planners, to answer queries that have arisen during the formal planning application stage.
- 9. A main contractor has been appointed via the Pagabo procurement framework and is working with the design team to develop the detailed designs and specifications, as we await a decision on the submitted planning application. The team are also reviewing alternative sites that have been identified as potential temporary locations for the fire station during the construction works at St Owen Street.
- 10. **North Herefordshire Strategic Training Facility**: At the last Fire Authority meeting it was reported that the design team were eager to submit a full planning application by late October. Due to some design challenges, and engagement with the Environment Agency, the submission was delayed. However, a full planning application was submitted 20 December 2022.
- 11. Detailed design proposals are progressing, and a tender process via a construction procurement framework has commenced to identify a suitable contractor to build the training facility, as we await the decision on the submitted application.
- 12. **Relocation of Training Centre to Wyre Forest Fire Station**: The last property update confirmed that the architects who completed the Wyre Forest scheme had visited the existing Training Centre in Droitwich and met with the centre managers to commence initial scoping works, and formulate accommodation schedules for the proposed requirements of a new facility. A number of layout options have been received, and comments returned.
- 13. The design team have now prepared final spatial layouts, and these have been shared with the DCFO and training centre managers. We will update the Committee on progress as final options are determined.
- 14. **Planned and reactive property maintenance**: General maintenance and building works continue across the Service's estate. In the previous update to members it noted progress on the proposed design for a front extension and refurbishment of Leintwardine Fire Station. Additional surveys have been completed on site in December following engagement with Severn Trent

concerning a potential pumping main crossing the site. The design team is aiming to submit a detailed planning application in early March.

Site Disposals

Former Kidderminster Fire Station

15. The last property update noted that the previously agreed sale of the site is no longer proceeding, and Officers were arranging for a ground investigation survey to be undertaken in order to provide greater certainty to prospective purchasers and the site will then be re-marketed. Consultants have now been engaged and site surveys commenced, and members will be updated when reports are issued.

Conclusion/Summary

16. The property, development and maintenance programme is extensive and complex, but is moving at pace. Members will need to be mindful of the volatile and changing construction industry, combined with rapidly increasing costs of materials. Officers are progressing all property related matters as quickly as resources permit in order to mitigate these costs wherever possible.

Corporate Considerations

Resource Implications (identify any financial, legal, property or human resources issues).	Note reference to the UK construction tender price index, and the associated inflationary pressures being seen across the building sector.
Strategic Policy Links & Core Code of Ethics (identify how proposals link in with current priorities and policy framework and if they do not, identify any potential implications).	Details underpin a number of key property priorities for the Authority.
Risk Management / Health & Safety (identify any risks, the proposed control measures and risk evaluation scores).	None.
Consultation (identify any public or other consultation that has been carried out on this matter).	None.
Equalities (has an Equalities Impact Assessment been completed? If not, why not?).	None.

Data Protection Impact Assessment (where personal data is processed a DPIA must be	None.
completed to ensure compliant handling).	

Report of the Assistant Director: Prevention

2022-23 Performance Report: Q3 (01 October – 31 December 2022)

Purpose of report

1. This report summarises the Service's performance for Quarter 3, 2022-23.

Recommendation

It is recommended that Fire Authority note the Q3 2022-23 performance headlines set out in Section 4 of this report, with further details available in Appendix 1.

Introduction and Background

- 2. The Service gathers performance data relating to incidents attended and activities carried out, and reports to the Policy and Resources Committee and the Strategic Leadership Board on a quarterly basis. The Q3 2022-23 Performance Report is attached as Appendix 1, and provides information on overall incident numbers, Prevention, Protection and Response activities and an overview of the Service workforce. A cumulative summary of performance is reported separately in the Annual Service Review.
- 3. The Performance Report relates closely to the Prevention, Protection and Response strategies as well as the Community Risk Management Plan 2021-25.

Incident Overview

4. A total of 2,011 incidents were attended in Q3 2022-23, an increase of 11% on Q3 2021-22, and higher than the five year average of 1,774 incidents. More context is provided later in the report however analysis shows the following:

336 Fires attended	A small increase of 2% over Q3 2021-22, but still lower than the five-year average of 357 per Q3.
675	An increase of 7% over Q3 2021-22, higher than the five-year average of 581. The number of incidents show a steady rise in the last five
Special Services	years.
1,000	An increase of 18% over Q3 2021-22, and above the five-year average
False Alarms	of 836 per Q3. The overall trend is a steady rise in the last five years.

Prevention

5. 1,947 Home Fire Safety Visits (HFSV) were completed in Q3 2022-23, a 217% increase over the same period in Q3 2021-22, which reflects the commitment to increase our Prevention activity. Out of 1,947 HFSVs, 572 were delivered by Prevention technicians and 1,375 were delivered by Wholetime crews. HFSVs are targeted at those at greater risk of fire based on data and analysis as outlined in the Prevention Strategy. Trends are monitored on a monthly basis and fed into adjusting and focusing prevention activity as required.

Protection

- 6. The Service continues to conduct the Risk Based Inspection Programme (RBIP) of business premises. In Q3 2022-23, 411 inspections were completed compared to 273 in Q3 2021-22. This represents a 151% increase. This increase is due to operational staff having gained Level 3 Certificates in Fire Safety. This has increased capacity to carry out formal inspections from 2022-23 onwards providing recommendations as to how to reduce the risk of fire. The Fire Safety (Protection) Department remain on track to deliver their annual target of 1,000 Fire Safety inspections in 2022-23.
- 7. All fires in commercial premises are subject to a Post Fire Audit, and the number of audits has decreased from 29 to 28 in Q3 2022-23, when compared to Q3 2021-22. Total Enforcement Activities have decreased from 32 to 23 in Q3 2022-23, when compared to Q3 2021-22.
- 8. New building safety legislation has also been introduced, and the department is proactively identifying business leads to highlight their fire safety responsibilities and offer support and signposting to other assistance where needed.

Response

Fires

9. The numbers of Primary Fires attended in Q3 2022-23 were up by 7%, and Secondary Fires were down by 14% over the same period in Q3 2021-22. While the number of Primary Fires rose to 212, this was due to mostly an increase in vehicle and transport fires. During this timeframe there was unfortunately one life lost, due to a caravan fire. There were three victims where an injury appeared serious and the victim went to hospital. 85% of the Primary Building Fires were classified as accidental and most of them started in the kitchen area (37%). The highest proportion of these fires occurred in houses of a single occupancy (33%) with the top three occupancy types being couple with dependent child/ren (20%), lone person under pensionable age (14%) and lone person over pensionable age (14%). This information is fed back into the Prevention and Protection departments to further focus relevant activity and for trend analysis.

- 10. There were two incidents in Q3 2022-23 where more than 5 pumps attended, one was a primary fire in the West District and the other was a primary fire caused by a gas explosion in South District.
- 11. There was a 14% decrease to 94 Secondary Fires from 109 in comparison to Q3 2021-22. This may be due to November 2022 being much wetter than average while November 2021 was much drier than average.

Road Traffic Collisions

- 12. In terms of Road Traffic Collisions (RTCs), there were 192 incidents during the quarter, a 9% increase compared to Q3 2021-22. Prior to the pandemic, 197 RTCs were recorded in Q3 2019-20, so there is an overall slightly downward trend over the last five years.
- 13. Overall, there were 4 fatalities and 21 serious injuries in the RTCs attended by the Service. Fatalities are the same as the previous year, but serious injuries were higher than Q3 2021-22. Information related to RTCs is fed into the Response and Prevention directorates for review and to inform future training and awareness activities.

Attendance Performance Measure

- 14. In Q3 2022-23 the Service attended 129 Primary Building Fires. One incident was removed from the Attendance Performance Measure calculations as it was a late call and hence it didn't have an emergency response. The average attendance time increased from 10 minutes 39 seconds recorded in Q3 2021-22 to 11 minutes 28 seconds in Q3 2022-23. This was largely due to travel distance to the incidents. In addition, there was an average increase of 15 seconds in call handling. There was a reduction of 9 seconds for turnout time during Q3 2022-23 from 02:49 in Q3 2021-22 to 02:40 in Q3 2022-23.
- 15. Out of 128 examined Primary Building Fires, 67 incidents reported that the attendance performance measure was not met. The main reasons given were travel distance 34 incidents and turn in time (On-Call and Day crew only) 16 incidents.

On Call Appliance Availability

16. The First On-Call appliance availability fell to 79.72% during the quarter, down from 84.49% in the same quarter of 2021-22. Availability for all On-Call appliances fell to 69.20%. However, for the first On-Call appliance 48% of fire stations (11 stations) remained at over 85% availability. Ross-on-Wye continued to have the highest availability of 100%. Since Q3 of the previous year the main differences were Peterchurch, Ledbury, Malvern and Upton upon Severn dropped by between 10% and 20%. Bromsgrove and Hereford had their availability drop by more than 24%. Tenbury Wells has increased to above 90%. Bromsgrove had the lowest availability at 35.99%.

17. The Service continues to identify recruitment opportunities to support availability of On Call units. The recent launch of the Marketing & Recruitment project will provide a data driven targeted approach to recruitment in the hard to reach areas of the Service.

People

- 18. In terms of workforce diversity, the proportion of female employees has stayed at 19% of the workforce, the same as Q3 2021-22. There has been a slight decrease of 1% in the ethnic minority representation in the workforce since Q3 2021-22, and it is currently at 6%. The Service continues to closely monitor equality and employment trends. The Service has recently recruited an Inclusion & Organisational Development Manager role. This post will be key in designing and delivering strategies to address under-representation in various parts of the Service, and will work closely with departments and the Resourcing Manager to develop better diversity outcomes.
- 19. The most common reasons for absence this quarter were Respiratory Other, Respiratory Cold/Cough/Influenza and Hospital/Post-Operative. In Q3 2021-22, Covid-19 was not included within the sickness absence figures as it was reported on separately. It is now classed as a Respiratory infection. Also, the NHS has resumed operations, so the figures for Hospital/Post-Operative show a large increase, although this is just for four people. The main difference for Q3 is in the Fire Control figures. The Fire Control days/shifts lost per person have increased from just over one day to just over eight days. This increase can be attributed to six long-term sickness cases for Fire Control within this period. Within the Fire Control figures, the biggest increases are Respiratory Other, Hospital/Post-Operative and Mental Health Other. These figures and trends are monitored by the Health & Safety Committee who meets on a quarterly basis to ensure the safety and wellbeing of employees.

Conclusion/Summary

- 20. Further information on the headlines set out above is included in Appendix 1.
- 21. The Strategic Leadership Board will continue to receive performance reports and oversight of the measures being taken to address any issues arising. Where improvements are required any necessary action will be reported to the Policy and Resources Committee.

Corporate Considerations

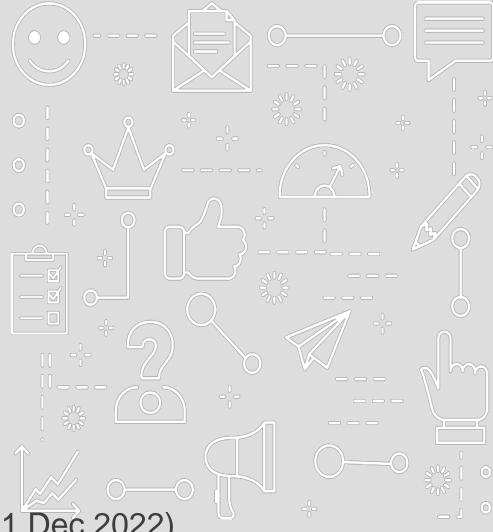
Resource Implications (identify any financial, legal, property or human resources issues)	None at present.
Core Code of Ethics and Strategic Policy Links (identify how proposals link in with current priorities and policy framework and if they do not, identify any potential implications).	The report provides a transparent account of performance and is published online to show how we are prioritising and responding to the needs of our local community. The areas included link with the Annual Service Review and Annual Service Plan and the strategic objectives of the Service as outlined in the CRMP and three core strategies and the People Strategy.
Risk Management / Health & Safety (identify any risks, the proposed control measures and risk evaluation scores).	Relevant data is fed into the Health & Safety Committee as appropriate.
Consultation (identify any public or other consultation that has been carried out on this matter)	None.
Equalities (has an Equalities Impact Assessment been completed? If not, why not?)	No, the report concerns operational activity and other areas of general performance data.
Data Protection Impact Assessment (where personal data is processed a DPIA must be completed to ensure compliant handling)	Not required – no personal data is identified.

Supporting Information

Appendix 1 – Performance Report: Quarter 3 2022-23



Performance Report



Quarter 3 2022-23 (01 Oct - 31 Dec 2022)

Report of the Assistant Director: Prevention

Incident Overview Q3 2022-23 (01 Oct - 31 Dec 2022)

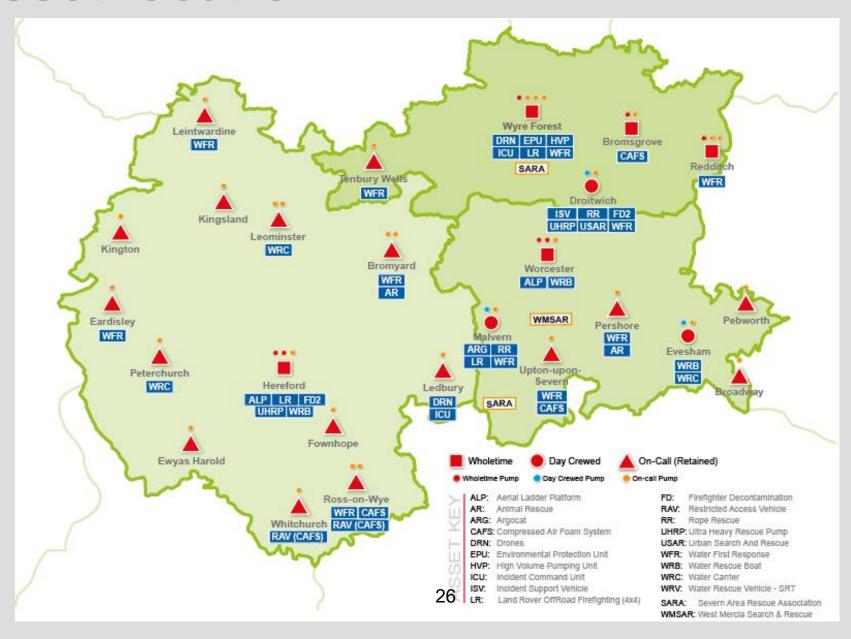
31111	Total	Change since C	3 2021-22
All Incidents	2,011	11%	A considerable increase on Q3 2021-22, and above the 5 year average of 1,774 per Q3 over the last 5 years. Total figure shown does not include the 13 over the border incidents that the Service
Fires	336	1 2%	attended. A small increase compared to last year, the number of fires are slightly lower than the 5 year average of 357 for Q3. The number of fires are the same as the prepandemic level of 336 fires in Q3 2019-20.
Special Services	675	1 7%	There is an increase of 7% compared to last year, and this is higher than the 5 year average of 581. The number of incidents show a steady rise in the last five years.
False Alarms	1,000	18%	An increase of 18% on Q3 2021-22, with false alarm calls well above the average of 836 per Q3 over the last five years. The overall trend is a rise in the last five years.

District Overview

Incidents per District Q3 2022-23

	Fire	Special Service	False Alarms	All	Change since Q3 2021-22
North District	136	263	421	820	16%
South District	117	229	373	719	1 21%
West District	83	183	206	472	1 7%
Total	336	675	1,000	2,011	11%

Asset location



Prevention

Home Fire Safety Visits Completed	Q3 2022-23	Q3 2021-22	Home Fire Safety Visit Q3 2022-23	s Survey
Home Fire Safety Checks	862	280	Proportion of Positive Responses	100%
Safe and Well Checks	370	339		
Equipment Only Checks	715	280		
Total Checks	1,947	899		

1,947 Home Fire Safety Visits (HFSV) were carried out during Q3 2022-23, an increase of 217% compared to Q3 2021-22. In addition to the above, the Service also conducted 108 Doorstep Consultations and 14 Telephone Consultations.

The Service continues to work closely with partner agencies and gather feedback from Service users on visits undertaken.

Protection

Inspections Completed	Q3 2022-23	Q3 2021-22
Risk Based Inspection Programme	411	273
Total Enforcement Activity	23	32
Post Fire Audit	28	29

Post Fire Audit Survey Q3 2022-23

Proportion of Positive Responses

100%

The Risk Based Inspection Programme (RBIP) are inspections carried out by specialist qualified Fire Safety staff.

Operational staff are also being qualified to support this programme in 2022-23.

The 151% increase in Q3 2022-23 RBIP figures in comparison to last year was mainly caused by having more qualified Fire Safety staff to carry out the inspections. The Fire Safety Department remain on target to deliver 1,000 Fire Safety inspections in 2022-23. To date 840 RBIP have been completed.

There is a small decrease in Enforcement Activity and in Post Fire Safety Audits compared to Q3 2021-22.

Response - Fires

Primary Fires

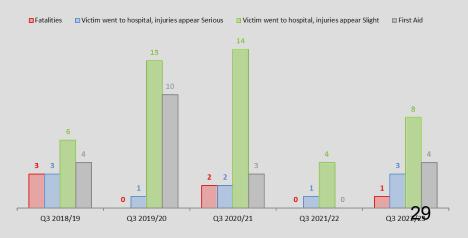
235

Primary Fires	Q3 2022-23	Q3 2021-22	Ch	ange
Building Fires	129	140	-11	-8%
Outdoor Fires	12	11	+1	+9%
Vehicle & Transport Fires	71	48	+23	+48%
Total	212	199	+13	+7%

The number of Primary Building Fires has slightly decreased compared to Q3 2021-22. The top two causes were "Combustible articles too close to heat source (or fire)" at 18% and "Cooking - other cooking" at 16%.

The most common area for a Primary Building Fire was the kitchen at 37%. Accidental fires accounted for 85% of Primary Building Fires.

Primary Fire - Injuries and Fatalities



Secondary Fires

246



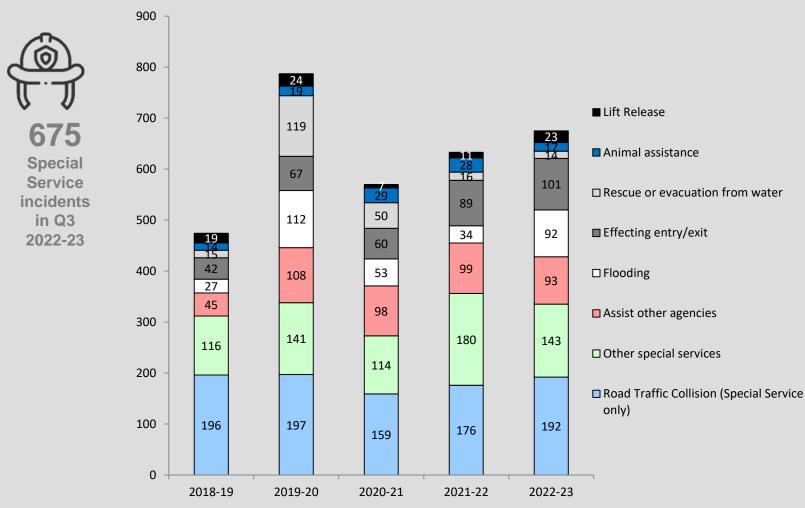
Secondary Fires	Q3 2022-23	Q3 2021-22	Cha	ange
Grassland, Woodland and Crop	22	30	-8	-27%
Other Outdoors (including land)	34	38	-4	-11%
Outdoor Structures	31	32	-1	-3%
Buildings & Transport	6	5	+1	+20%
Outdoor Equipment &	1	4	-3	-75%
Machinery				
Total	94	109	-15	-14%

There was a 14% decrease in Secondary Fires compared to Q3 in 2021-22. This may be due to November 2022 being much wetter than November 2021.

There were 2 incidents in Q3 2022-23 where more than 5 pumps attended. One was a Primary Fire in a house in the West District, there were no injuries. The other was a Primary Fire caused by a gas explosion in South District. There were two victims who went to hospital, injuries appeared to be serious and two victims who went to hospital, injuries appeared to be slight.

There was a singular fatality in Primary Fires recorded in Q3 2022-23. The fire was in a caravan but it was out when the Service arrived. The victim had died earlier and it was within the West District. There were no further casualties.

Response – Special Services



RTC (SSEC only) means that a road traffic collision was classified as a special service incident type; if a fire was associated with a road traffic collision, then the incident would be classified as a fire and not included here.

Other special services include following categories: No action - not false alarm (28), Hazardous Materials incident (21), Removal of objects from people (15), Other rescue/release of persons (13), Suicide/attempts (12), Spills and Leaks Ont RTC (11), Other Transport incident (10), Removal of people from objects (9), Medical Incident - First responder (8), Making Safe - not RTC (7), Advice Only (7), Medical Incident - Co-responder (2).

Response – Road Traffic Collisions

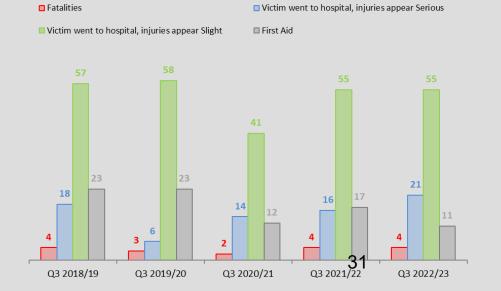
Total RTC Incidents





The number of RTC incidents showed an increase of 9% compared to Q3 in 2021-22. However, the number of RTC incidents have returned to pre Covid-19 figures for 2019-20. The trend line shows a very slight downwards trajectory.

RTC - Injuries and Fatalities



RTC fatalities have stayed the same as Q3 2021-22, slight injuries have also stayed the same. Serious injuries have risen slightly while first aid has decreased compared to Q3 2021-22.

Response – Attendance Performance Measure



Primary Building Fires Q3 2022-23

Q3 2021-22

128 *

140



Attendance within 10 minutes

61 47.66% 71 50.71%

Attendance outside 10 minutes

69

Average Attendance time**	11:28***	10:39***
(min:sec)		
Call handling time	01:48	01:33
Turnout time	02:40	02:49
Travel time	06:55	06:17

First fire appliance attendance at Primary Building Fires within 10 minutes

- * One Primary Building Fire was removed from the calculations as it was a late call - this means it did not have an emergency response.
- ** From time of call to arrival at scene.
- *** It should be noted that these are three independent averaged values, and therefore may not always add up.

Top 5 reasons for attendance outside 10 minutes

- Travel distance to the incident
- Turn in time (On-Call and Day crew only)
- Responding at normal road speed (AFAs)
- Mobilised from other location (not on home station)
- Incident outside station turnout area

No. of incidents 34

16

2

Attendance Performance Measure

Response — On-Call Appliance Availability



First On Call Appliance

79.72%

First On-Call Appliance Availability Q3 2021-22

84.49%

All On Call Appliances

69.20%

On Call Appliance Availability Q3 2022-23

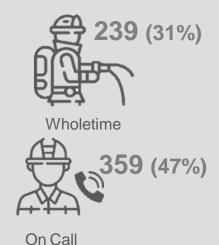
For Q3 2022-23, the first On-Call appliance availability was 79.72%.

When looking at all On-Call appliance availability for each fire station, there have been some changes compared to Q3 2021-22:

- Ross-on-Wye continued to achieve the highest availability of 100%;
- Peterchurch, Ledbury, Malvern and Upton upon Severn dropped between 10% and 20%;
- Bromsgrove and Hereford have dropped by more than 24%;
- Tenbury Wells has increased to above 90%;
- Bromsgrove had the lowest availability at 35.99%

People Q3 2022-23 (01 Oct - 31 Dec 2022)

Overall Workforce Profile





Equalities



Female representation is the same as in Q3 2021-22

Ethnicity

A decrease of 1% in ethnic minority representation since Q3 2021-22



Days/Shifts Lost Per Person



Total Days/Shifts Lost *



Top 3 Reasons for Absence

- Respiratory Other
- Respiratory Cold/Cough/Influenza
- Hospital/Post Operative