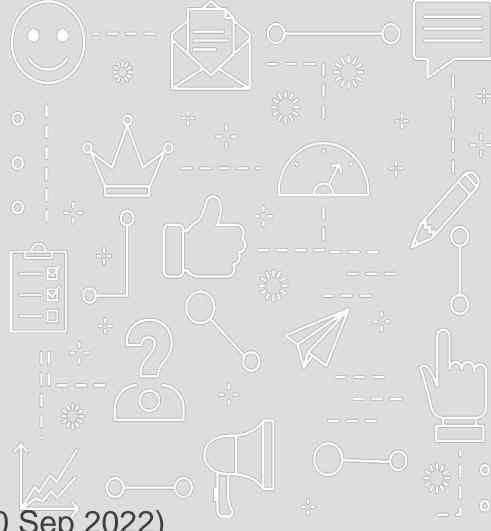


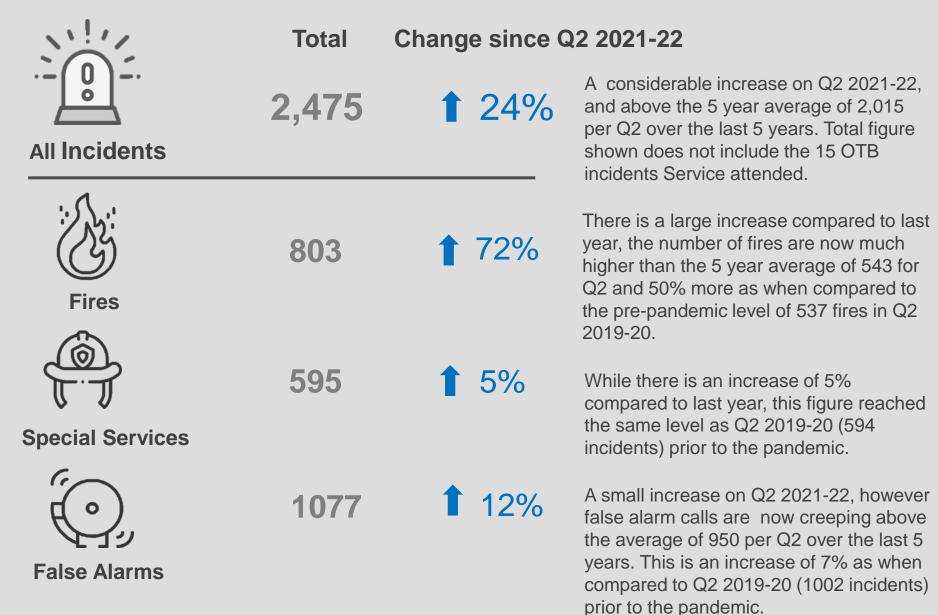
Performance Report



Quarter 2 2022-23 (01 Jul – 30 Sep 2022)

Report of the Assistant Director: Prevention

Incident Overview Q2 2022-23 (01 Jul - 30 Sep 2022)

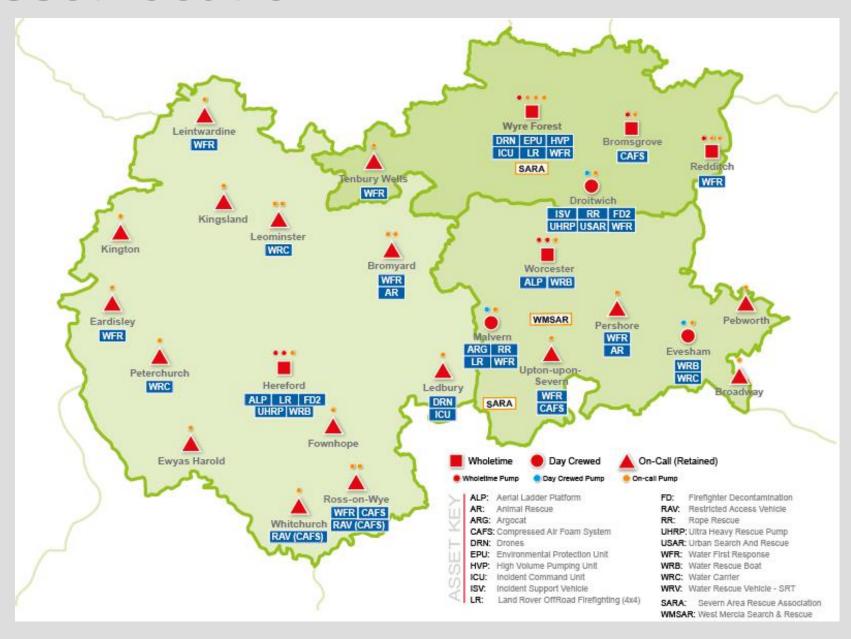


District Overview

Incidents per District Q2 2022-23

	Fire	Special Service	False Alarms	All	Change since Q2 2021-22
North District	348	239	472	1059	1 28%
South District	262	211	368	841	1 25%
West District	193	145	237	575	17%
Total	803	595	1077	2,475	1 24%

Asset location



Prevention

Home Fire Safety Visits Completed	Q2 2022-23	Q2 2021-22
Home Fire Safety Checks	523	373
Safe and Well Checks	349	423
Equipment Only Checks	456	179
Total Checks	1,328	975

Home Fire Safety Visits Survey Q2 2022-23

Proportion of Positive Responses

100%

The number of Home Fire Safety Visits have continued to increase since the easing of lockdown and the number of referrals from partner agencies gain momentum.

1,328 Home Fire Safety Visits (HFSV) were carried out during Q2 2022-23, an increase of 36% compared to Q2 2021-22. In addition to the above Service also conducted 23 Doorstep Consultations and 9 Telephone Consultations.

Prevention department have increased capacity by recruiting more members of staff to undertake Home Fire Safety Visits.

Service continue to work closely with partner agencies and gather feedback from service users on visits undertaken.

Protection

Inspections Completed	Q2 2022-23	Q2 2021-22
Risk Based Inspection Programme	208	277
Total Enforcement Activity	34	8
Post Fire Audit	39	42

Post Fire Audit Survey Q2 2022-23

Proportion of Positive Responses

100%

The Risk Based Inspection Programme (RBIP) are inspections carried out by specialist qualified Fire Safety staff.

Operational staff are also being qualified to support this programme in 2022/23.

The decrease in Q2 2022-23 RBIP figures in comparison to last year was mainly caused by Fire Safety staff providing training and supervision to operational staff, enforcement activity, internal training and the temporary promotion of two Fire Safety Inspectors. The Fire Safety Department remain on target to deliver 1000 Fire Safety inspections in 2022/23.

Increased enforcement activity can be attributed to improved access to premises following lifting of the COVID-19 restrictions in place in Q2 2021/22.

Response - Fires

Primary Fires

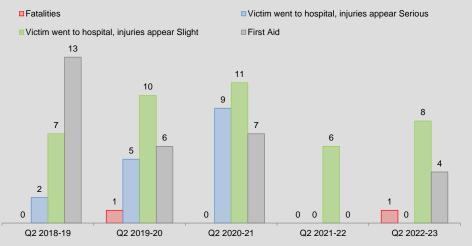
235

Primary Fires	Q2 2022-23	Q2 2021-22	Change	
Building Fires	137	130	+7	+5%
Outdoor Fires	83	42	+41	+98%
Vehicle & Transport Fires	92	75	+17	+23%
Total	312	247	+65	26%

The number of Primary Building Fires has slightly increased compared to Q2 2021-22. The most common causes (both contributing 18%) was "Fault in equipment or appliance" or "Cooking – Other Cooking".

The dramatic increases in Outdoor Fires can be explained by the extreme weather conditions in August 2022.

Primary Fire - Injuries and Fatalities



Secondary Fires

246



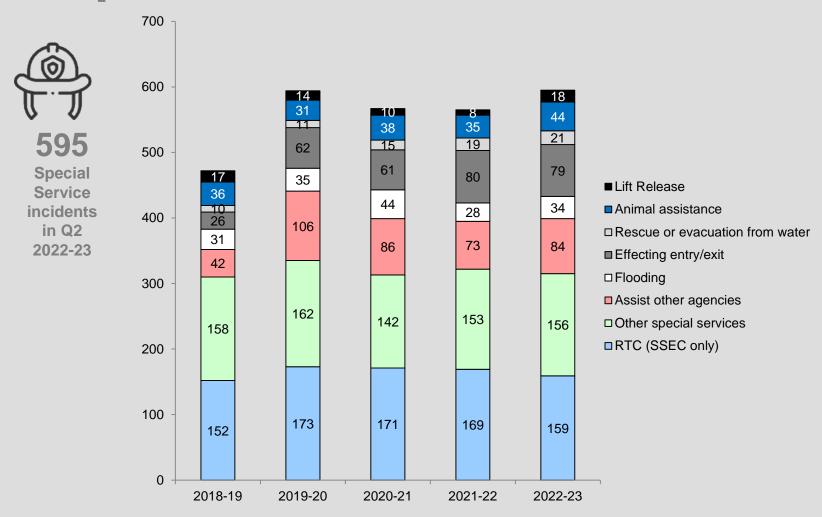
Secondary Fires	Q2 2022-23	Q2 2021-22	Change	
Grassland, Woodland and Crop	292	99	+193	+195%
Other Outdoors (including land)	114	80	+34	+43%
Outdoor Structures	59	26	+33	+127%
Buildings & Transport	13	10	+3 ¦	+30%
Outdoor Equipment &	10	4	+6 ¦	+150%
Machinery				
Total	488	219	+269	+123%

There was a 123% increase in Secondary Fires compared to Q2 in 2021-22. Extreme weather reaching 34.2 °C had a massive impact on Outdoor Fires.

There were 20 incidents in Q2 2022-23 where more than 5 pumps attended: 16 primary fires, 2 special services and 2 false alarms.

There was a singular fatality in Primary Fires recorded in Q2 2022-23. Victim was involved in a aircraft crash at an airfield within the West District. No further casualties.

Response – Special Services



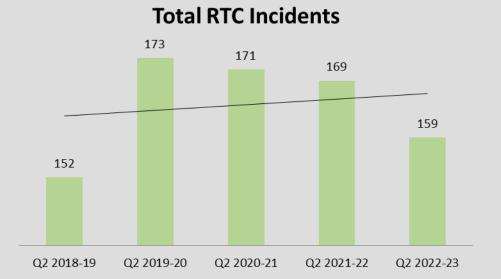
RTC (SSEC only) means that a road traffic collision was classified as a special service incident type; if a fire was associated with a road traffic collision, then the incident would be classified as a fire and not included here.

Other special services include following categories: No action - not false alarm (28), Other rescue/release of persons (18), Removal of objects from people (14), Suicide/attempts (17), Medical Incident - First responder (5), Removal of people from objects (7), Spills and Leaks - not RTC (14), Hazardous Materials incident (11), Other Transport incident (4), Making Safe - not RTC (13), Advice Only (7), Evacuation - no fire (1), Medical Incident - Co-responder (1), Water provision (1).

Response – Road Traffic Collisions

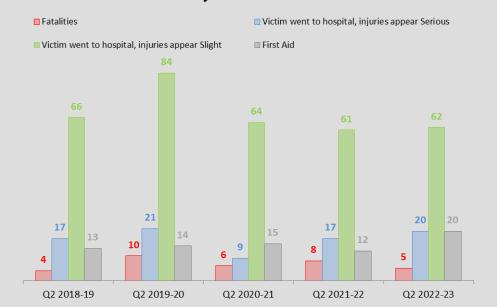


159 RTCs



The number of RTC incidents showed a decrease of 6% compared to Q2 in 2021-22. The Q2 figures for both 2021-22 and 2022-23 are below the pre Covid-19 figures for 2019-20. The trend line shows a slight downwards trajectory.

RTC - Injuries and Fatalities



RTC fatalities have decreased by 3 compared to Q2 2021-22, slight injuries have maintained a similar level. Both serious injuries and first aid have increased compared to Q2 2021-22.

Response – Attendance Performance Measure



Primary Building Fires Q2 2022-23

Q2 2021-22

137

130

72

Attendance Performance Measure

First fire appliance attendance at Primary Building Fires within 10 minutes



Attendance within 10 minutes

56 40.88% 58 44.62%

Attendance outside 10 minutes

Average 11:51 Attendance time** (min:sec) 02:00 Call handling time 01:45 Turnout time 02:50 03:29 Travel time 05:43 07:01

*** From time of call to arrival at scene.

*** It should be noted that these are three independent averaged values, and therefore may not always add up.

Top 5 reasons for attendance outside 10 minutes

- Travel distance to the incident
- Turn in time (On-Call and Day crew only)
- Traffic conditions causing delayed turn in time to stations
- Responding at normal road speed (AFAs)
- Simultaneous Incident

No. of incidents

69

36

17

10

9

Response — On-Call Appliance Availability



First On Call Appliance

80.55%

First On-Call Appliance Availability Q2 2021-22

83.66%

All On Call Appliances

69.52%

On Call Appliance Availability Q2 2022-23

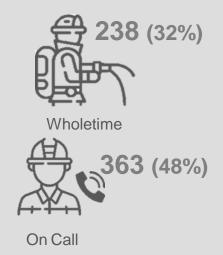
For Q2 2022-23, the first On-Call appliance availability was 80.55%.

When looking at all On-Call appliance availability for each fire station, there have been some changes compared to Q2 2021-22:

- Hereford dropped by 32.95%;
- Upton upon Severn, Bromsgrove, Pebworth, Pershore and Wyre Forest have dropped 10% or more;
- Worcester and Tenbury Wells have increased to above 90%
- Broadway continued to have the lowest availability at 31.35%;
- Ross-on-Wye continued to achieve the highest availability of 100%;

People Q2 2022-23 (01 Jul - 30 Sep 2022)

Overall Workforce Profile





Support Staff

Equalities



Female representation is the same as in Q2 2021-22

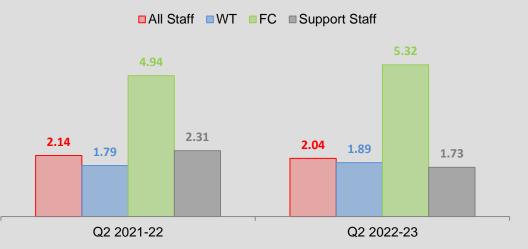
Ethnicity

A decrease of 1% in ethnic minority representation since Q2 2021-22



HWFRS Community

Days/Shifts Lost Per Person



Total Days/Shifts Lost *







Fire Control

Support Staff

Short Term 242.35 35.50 88.25 52.99% 31.42% Absence 47.43% 97.81 215.00 77.50 Long Term Absence ** 47.01% 68.58% 52.57%

Top 3 Reasons for Absence

- Respiratory Other
- Mental Health Stress
- Respiratory Cold/Cough/Influenza