The IRMP must:		Notes
•	identify and assess all foreseeable fire and rescue related risks that could affect its community, including those of a cross-border, multi-authority and/or national nature have regard to Community Risk Registers produced by the Local Resilience Forum and any other risk analyses as appropriate include an analysis of any gaps between existing capability and that needed to ensure national resilience	Government will also expect IRMPs to have regard to the National Risk Register, the National Risk Assessment and the National Resilience Planning Assumptions as led and monitored by the Cabinet Office. Any capability gaps that cannot be met through local arrangements will need to be highlighted to the Department for Communities and Local Government or the recently established Fire and Rescue Strategic Resilience Board (see further details under National Resilience below)
•	demonstrate how prevention, protection and response activities will best be used to mitigate the impact of risk on communities in a cost effective way set out its management strategy and risk based programme for enforcing the provisions of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005	The valuable role of Fire and Rescue Authorities in creating a safer society is recognised, particularly through their strong links with communities and work with individuals and local agencies and businesses. The Framework comments that this will allow better focusing and targeting of resources on areas where the risk from fire is greatest
•	reflect the provisions to respond to incidents such as fires, road traffic accidents and emergencies within their area and in other areas in line with their mutual aid agreements	The Framework considers that reinforcement schemes or mutual aid agreements with other Fire and Rescue Authorities are important tools for Fire and Rescue Authorities to be prepared to respond to incidents
•	be easily accessible and publicly available reflect effective consultation throughout its development and at all review stages with the community, its workforce and representative bodies, and	The IRMP planning process is seen as an opportunity to engage local communities and inform them through up to date, accessible data on risk. This transparent approach should enable communities to better influence local planning and how risks are being met (see

partners

 cover at least a three year time span and be reviewed and revised as often as it is necessary to ensure that the requirements of the Framework are delivered

 reflect up to date risk analyses and the evaluation of service delivery outcomes Accountability to communities below)